

INVASION URGED IF MEXICO FAILS IN DUTY TO U. S.

Recognition of New Regime to Depend on Ability to Meet Obligations.

TREATY IS SUGGESTED

Senate Committee Seeks Protection of Americans and Property.

587 KILLED, IS CHARGE
Report Says for Ten Years
America Stood by 'Fiddling
While Mexico Burned.'

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Armed intervention in Mexico, should the new forces in control there show an inability or unwillingness to set up a stable government more friendly toward Americans, was recommended today to the Senate by the Foreign Relations sub-committee which has been investigating Mexican affairs.

It was recommended that Gov. de Huerta, now President ad interim of Mexico, should not be recognized until

it was assumed that his selection was approved by the Mexican people and until it was shown that his administration was of a stable character and was disposed to comply with the rules of international comity and the obligations of treaties.

Should a stable government be established the committee recommended that full recognition be accorded it and that financial assistance be offered by the United States. The committee

said, however, that full recognition should not be given until a treaty had been entered into predicated upon the following assurances:

That provisions of Article 27 of the Constitution of 1917, commonly regarded by foreigners as confiscatory, shall not be enforced against Americans.

This article prohibits aliens from holding mines, oil, water rights, &c., in Mexico.

Protects Property of Americans.

That none of the provisions of article 27 of said Constitution with reference to limitations upon rights of property to petroleum acquired by Americans which may hereafter be acquired shall apply to Americans except where this limitation is written in the deed, lease or other instrument of title, and particularly

That the provision of said article to the effect that the sub-soil products other than of metalliferous minerals shall be the property of the national Government of Mexico, to be disposed of by decree or by law, shall not apply to the property of American citizens.

from state, national or municipal authorities of Mexico, unless the limitation or reservation with reference to such sub-soil products shall be written in the original deed or other instrument of conveyance transferring the surface of the property to such American purchaser.

That the prohibition against the ownership of property in lands, waters or their appurtenances, or against the concessions for the development of

mines, waters or mineral fuels in the republic to foreigners shall not apply to American citizens.

That the constitutional clause providing that none but a Mexican citizen may be a minister of any religious creed in Mexico, and that no periodical of a religious character shall comment upon any political affairs of the nation

or publish any information regarding the acts of the authorities or of private individuals in so far as they have to do with public affairs, be inapplicable to Americans.

Adjustment of Claims.

That the provision that no minister or religious corporation may conduct schools or primary instructions shall not be applied in the case of Americans, and,

That the article under which undesirable foreigners may be expelled be so revised as to give Americans the right to confer with the representative of their

The recommendations also proposed a provision in the agreement for the immediate appointment of a claims commission to adjudicate the claims of Americans, the commission to be made up of men chosen by the two governments and with the understanding that its findings be binding and be immediately carried out by the payment of the damages adjudged.

The committee discussed other provisions of Article 27, which authorizes the Mexican States to condemn at their own voluntary lands owned by Americans, and pay for them with the bonds of the States. It is recommended by the

committee that these provisions be so modified that they shall not apply to lands owned by Americans. Under these provisions the State of Sonora is now redistributing actually (a) condemned, expropriated and redistributing lands of Americans within Sonora.

Should the Mexican lands fall to agree to such a plan, or to establish a Government capable of affording adequate protection to Americans, the committee suggested that we will send a police force, consisting of the naval and military force, of our Government, into the republic of Mexico to open up the main open artery to the United States.

between the city of Mexico and the United States. The report and every border port of Mexico.

This force should be sent in, the committee said, after notice had been given to the Mexican people that the United States was not warring on them, and that its sole purpose was to restore peace, protect Americans and the possessions and to afford the Mexican people themselves an opportunity to constitute "in whatsoever manner" a Mexican Government of their own.

GREATEST ENERGY BUILDER
Father Joh's Medicine builds strength

40